

## **KING COUNTY**

### 1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

# **Signature Report**

## February 21, 2001

## Ordinance 14050

**Proposed No.** 2000-0372.4

Sponsors Sullivan

1		AN ORDINANCE to amend the transportation concurrency
2		program of the department of transportation; amending
3		Ordinance 11617, Section 3, and K.C.C. 14.65.010,
4		Ordinance 11617, Section 4, and K.C.C. 14.65.020,
5		Ordinance 11617, Section5, and K.C.C. 14.65.030 and
6		Ordinance 11617, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C.
7		14.65.040, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter 14.70 and
8	·	repealing Ordinance 11617, Section 8, and K.C.C.
9		14.70.010, Ordinance 11617, Sections 9 through 23, as
10		amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.020, Ordinance 11617, Section
11		24, and K.C.C. 14.70.030, Ordinance 11617, Section 25, as
12		amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.040, Ordinance 11617, Section
13		26, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.050, Ordinance 11617,
14		Section 27, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.060, Ordinance
15		11617, Section 28, and K.C.C. 14.70.070, Ordinance 11617,
16		Section 29, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.080, Ordinance
17		11617, Section 30, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.090,

18	Ordinance 12616, Section 10, and K.C.C. 14.70.092,
19	Ordinance 11617, Section 31, and K.C.C. 14.70.100,
20	Ordinance 11617, Section 32, and K.C.C. 14.70.110,
21	Ordinance 11617, Section 33, and K.C.C. 14.70.120 and
22	Ordinance 11617, Section 66, and K.C.C. 14.70.200.
23	
24	
25	PREAMBLE:
26	For the purpose of effective transportation and growth management, the
27	King County council makes the following legislative findings:
28	1. This ordinance amends the transportation concurrency management
29	program to improve its effectiveness and to streamline its operation;
30	2. This ordinance implements the amended Comprehensive Plan for 2000
31	as required in chapter 36.70A RCW and as intended in K.C.C. chapter
32	14.70 and in Ordinance 11617, Ordinance 12616 and Ordinance 13618;
33	3. The changes in this ordinance are needed to amend K.C.C. Title 14,
34	Ordinance 11617, Ordinance 12616 and Ordinance 13618 and bear a
35	substantial relationship to, and are necessary for, the public health, safety
36	and general welfare of King County and its residents; and
37	4. This ordinance adopts a concurrency map as the concurrency test for
38	residential development and will have the map amended twice yearly and
39	submitted each time to the council for approval.
40	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

<del>4</del> 1	SECTION 1. Ordinance 11617, Section 3, and K.C.C. 14.65.010 are each hereby	
42	amended to read as follows:	
43	Components of the ((1))integrated ((T))transportation ((P))program. There	
44	are three $(((3)))$ components of the $((1))$ integrated $((T))$ transportation $((P))$ program.	
45	These components are as follows:	
46	A. Transportation ((C))concurrency ((M))management (TCM), by which King	
47	County ((will)) regulates new development based on adequate transportation	
48	improvements needed to maintain level of service standards, in accordance with RCW	
49	36.70A.070(6) ((and)), the King County Comprehensive Plan and K.C.C chapter 14.70.	
50	B. Mitigation ((P))payment ((S))system (MPS), by which King County ((will	
51	apply)) applies transportation impact fees to new development for collecting a fair and	
52	equitable share of transportation improvement costs that are needed in accordance with	
53	((RCW)) chapter 82.02 ((and)) RCW, the King County Comprehensive Plan and K.C.C.	
54	<u>chapter 14.75.</u>	
55	C. Intersection ((S))standards (IS), by which King County ((will)) evaluates	
56	intersections affected by new development to assure safe and efficient operation and that	
57	improvements to mitigate the adverse impacts of such developments are completed, in	
58	accordance with the ((S))state Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), K.C.C. 20.44.080,	
59	((and)) the King County Comprehensive Plan and K.C.C chapter 14.80.	
50	SECTION 2. Ordinance 11617, Section 4, and K.C.C. 14.65.020 are each hereby	
51	amended to read as follows:	
52	((Relationships among three components of the Integrated Transportation	
53	Program.)) Procedures for mitigation payment system and intersection standards.	

A. ((Permit Processes.

1. Certificate of Concurrency: Prior to submission of a development application, a request for a certificate of concurrency shall be initiated by a submittal to the department of transportation on a prescribed form containing information describing the location, uses, intensities, trip generation characteristics and pertinent information for the intended development. The certificate is a prerequisite for a complete development application. The department of transportation shall use the submitted information to determine the net trips to be generated, taking into account commute trip reduction strategies, internal travel for mixed-use development, and pass-by trips from existing traffic flows, and shall determine whether the development passes the concurrency test prescribed in the TCM chapter of this title.

2 Development Application)) Following the submission of a development application, the department of transportation shall determine the transportation impact fee to be paid under ((the MPS)) K.C.C. chapter ((of this title)) 14.75 and shall determine the traffic impacts of the proposed development on roadway intersections that will be adversely impacted and which must be mitigated using ((the IS)) K.C.C. chapter ((of this title)) 14.80.

B. ((Calculation of Trips Generated by a Development.)) 1. The vehicular trips expected to be generated by a proposed development shall be calculated as of the time of application ((for a certificate of concurrency)), using standard generation rates published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers, other standard references((5)) or from other documented information and surveys approved by the department of transportation.

- 2. The department of transportation may approve a reduction in generated vehicle trips calculated ((pursuant to the preceding)) under subsection B.1 of this section based on the types of land uses that are to be developed, on the expected amount of travel internal to the development, on the expected pass-by trips from existing traffic((5)) or on the expected reduction of vehicle traffic volumes. Such a reduction shall be used when calculating ((TAM5)) MPS and IS, including any impact and mitigation fees and costs for which the development shall be liable.
- 3. The calculation of vehicular trip reductions as described in this section shall be based in all cases upon sound and recognized technical information and analytical process that represent current engineering practice. In all cases, the department of transportation shall have final approval of all such data, information((5)) and technical procedures used to calculate trip reductions.

#### C. ((Calculations.

1.—TAM Calculations. King County shall determine the Transportation

Adequacy Measure (TAM) for any zone according to policies T-303, T-304, and T-306

of the comprehensive plan. The TAM is a two-part analysis, involving the average

weighted volume to capacity (v/c) ratio of arterials and highways serving the zone (TAM value) and the existence of roadways critical to the zone's access not funded for

improvement in the committed network (unfunded critical links). If an unfunded critical link exists, then any proposed development which sends at least thirty percent of its trips to that critical link shall be deemed to fail the concurrency test until the critical link is improved.

127.

Administrative rules issued under the authority of this chapter shall contain a detailed technical description of the calculation of TAM and the list of potential unfunded critical links to be monitored.

2. IS Calculations.)) Intersection level of service shall be calculated according to the most recent Highway Capacity Manual or an alternative method approved by the department of transportation.

#### D. ((Standards.

- 1. The standard for the TAM value of a zone shall be those maximum average v/c zonal scores listed in Comprehensive Plan Policy T-305 for Transportation Service Areas, and displayed in K.C.C. 14.70.060.
- 2. The unfunded critical link standard shall apply to the links identified by administrative rule, which have a volume to capacity ratio of 1.1 or more, and which would carry more than thirty percent of the zone traffic from a residential development or more than thirty percent of the traffic from a commercial development. The concept of unfunded critical links shall not apply to roads in Transportation Service Areas 1 and 2 if HOV lanes and transit service are available now or expected to be available within six years in the unfunded critical link corridor. Unfunded critical links shall be applied only on those roadways in unincorporated King County unless they are identified in a city according to an interlocal agreement.
- 3-)) The intersection standard for all intersections shall be "E" as required by ((the IS)) K.C.C. chapter 14.80 and calculated according to the most recent Highway Capacity Manual((5)) or approved alternative method.

130	E. ((Application of Standards.)) As well as other criteria for bicycle, pedestrian,
131	traffic congestion, safety and road design, ((T))the standards ((set forth above)) in
132	subsection D of this section shall be used in the ((ITP as follows:
133	1. In the TCM chapter, zone evaluation of concurrency shall be calculated using
134	the TAM value, the TAM standard for the zone, and unfunded critical links analysis.
135	2. In the identification of improvement needs for the Transportation Needs
136	Report (TNR), the TAM and critical link standards will be used to determine needed
137	improvements, together with safety, operational, multimodal, traffic congestion, and
138	other criteria. These improvement needs shall be the source of projects included in the
139	TNR, Capital Improvement Program (CIP), and MPS list.
140	3)) integrated transportation program ((F)) for the determination of traffic
141	impacts for the SEPA evaluation of a proposed development((, the Intersection Standard
142	will be used, as well as other criteria for bicycle/pedestrian, traffic congestion, safety, and
143	road design)).
144	F. ((Administrative Fees.)) Fees for ((the ITP)) MPS and IS shall be ((imposed))
145	as follows:
146	1. ((An original administrative fee of one hundred dollars (\$100.00) plus ten
147	dollars (\$10.00) per residential unit or ten cents (\$0.10) per square foot of nonresidential
148	floor area shall be charged to the applicant for the TAM determination of concurrency
149	and issuance of an original concurrency certificate of a proposed development. No
150	original administrative fee shall exceed one thousand dollars (\$1000.00). An additional
151	administrative fee of fifty dollars (\$50.00) and five dollars (\$5.00) per residential unit or
152	five cents (\$0.05) for each square foot of nonresidential floor area shall be charged for the

one-time extension of a certificate as stated in K.C.C. 14.70.080E. No additional administrative concurrency fee shall exceed five hundred dollars (\$500.00). The method and time of collection of administrative fees for the concurrency test shall be stated in the administrative rules for this title.

- 2)) All developments subject to the MPS fees shall pay an administrative fee as established by K.C.C. 14.75.080 and 14.75.090 at the time of application for an MPS determination. Payment for impact mitigation fees under MPS shall be paid at the time a development permit is issued, ((provided that)) but residential developments may defer payment until building permits are issued((-)); and
- ((3. No)) 2. ((a))Administrative fees shall not be charged for IS review, ((however,)) but the owner of a proposed development is responsible for the costs of any traffic study needed to determine traffic impacts and mitigation measures at intersections, as determined by the director.
- G. ((Relationship to SEPA:)) The need for the environmental assessment of a proposed development must be determined by the department of development and environmental services, following the filing of a completed permit application. Impacts on the road system will be mitigated through MPS fees. Impacts on intersections will be mitigated through ((the provisions of)) K.C.C. chapter 14.80.
- <u>H.</u> Nothing in this chapter shall cause a developer to pay mitigation and impact fees more than once for the same impact. Improvements and mitigation measures shall be coordinated by the director with other such improvements and measures attributable to other proposed developments, and with the county road improvement program so that the county road system is improved efficiently and effectively, with minimum costs to be

176	incurred by public and private entities. $((\frac{\text{The provisions of t}}{\text{D}}))\underline{T}$ his title $((\frac{\text{do}}{\text{D}}))$ does not	
177	supersede or replace the ((provisions of the)) county SEPA authority as enacted in K.C.C	
178	<u>chapter</u> 20.44.	
179	SECTION 3. Ordinance 11617, Section 64, and K.C.C. 14.65.025 are each	
180	hereby amended to read as follows:	
181	Administrative rules <u>- mitigation payment system, intersection standards</u> .	
182	For MPS and IS, ((T))the director ((is hereby instructed and authorized to)) may adopt	
183	such administrative rules and procedures as are necessary to implement ((the provisions	
184	of)) this chapter.	
185	SECTION 4. Ordinance 11617, Section 5, and K.C.C. 14.65.030 are each hereby	
186	amended to read as follows:	
187	Filing appeals - ((Concurrency, MPS, IS)) mitigation payment system,	
188	intersection standards.	
189	A. Appeals of the department's final decisions relative to ((this chapter)) MPS	
190	and IS shall be filed with the director or the director's designee.	
191	B. ((Such)) The appeals shall be in written form, stating the grounds for the	
192	appeal, and shall be filed within ten (((10))) calendar days of the receipt of notification of	
193	the department's final appealable decision in the matter being appealed.	
194	SECTION 5. Ordinance 11617, Section 6, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.65.040 are	
195	each hereby amended to read as follows:	
196	Grounds for appeal - ((Concurrency, MPS, IS)) mitigation payment system,	
197	intersection standards.	

198	A. ((For appeals of denial or conditional approval of a certificate of concurrency,	
199	the appellant must show that:	
200	1. The department committed a technical error;	
201	-2. Alternative data or a traffic mitigation plan, which may include transportation	
202	strategies such as demand management or vanpools, submitted to the department was	
203	inadequately considered;	
204	3. The action of the department would substantially deprive the owner of all	
205	reasonable use of the property;	
206	4. Conditions required by the department for concurrency are not related to the	
207	concurrency requirement; or	
208	5. The action of the department was arbitrary and capricious.	
209	B.)) For appeals of the MPS fee, the appellant must show that the department:	
210	1. Committed an error in:	
211	a. $((C))$ <u>c</u> alculating the development's proportionate share, as determined by an	
212	individual fee calculation or, if relevant, as ((set forth)) in the fee schedule((5)); or	
213	b. ((G))granting credit for benefit factors; ((or))	
214	2. Based on the final decision upon incorrect data; or	
215	3. Gave inadequate consideration to alternative data or mitigation((s)) submitted	
216	to the department.	
217	(( <del>C.</del> )) <u>B.</u> For appeals of IS improvements, the appellant must show that:	
218	1. The department committed a technical error;	
219	2. Alternative data or a traffic mitigation plan submitted to the department was	
220	inadequately considered; or	

221	3. Conditions required by the department are not related to improvements
222	needed to serve the proposed development.
223	SECTION 6. Ordinance 11617, Section 8, and K.C.C. 14.70.010, Ordinance
224	11617, Sections 9 through 23, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.020, Ordinance
225	11617, Section 24, and K.C.C. 14.70.030, Ordinance 11617, Section 25, as amended, and
226	K.C.C. 14.70.040, Ordinance 11617, Section 26, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.050,
227	Ordinance 11617, Section 27, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.060, Ordinance 11617,
228	Section 28, and K.C.C. 14.70.070, Ordinance 11617, Section 29, as amended, and K.C.C.
229	14.70.080, Ordinance 11617, Section 30, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.090, Ordinance
230	12616, Section 10, and K.C.C. 14.70.092, Ordinance 11617, Section 31, and K.C.C.
231	14.70.100, Ordinance 11617, Section 32, and K.C.C. 14.70.110, Ordinance 11617,
232	Section 33, and K.C.C. 14.70.120 and Ordinance 11617, Section 66, and K.C.C.
233	14.70.200 are each hereby repealed.
234	NEW SECTION. SECTION 7. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a
235	new section to read as follows:
236	Authority and purpose.
237	A. This chapter is enacted under King County's powers as a home rule charter
238	county, Article XI, Section 11 of the Washington State Constitution and the Growth
239	Management Act, chapter 36.70A RCW.
240	B. It is the purpose of this chapter to:
241	1. Ensure that county level of service standards are achieved "concurrently"
242	with development, as required by the Growth Management Act and the Comprehensive

243	Plan, by denying approval of development that would cause the level of service on	
244	transportation facilities to decline below county standards;	
245	2. Ensure that the concurrency program directly reflects the financial	
246	commitments of the adopted CIP currently in effect; and	
247	3. Ensure that the transportation concurrency policies established by the county	
248	council are carried out through technical procedures approved by the council.	
249	NEW SECTION. SECTION 8. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a	
250	new section to read as follows:	
251	<b>Definitions</b> . The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless	
252	the context clearly requires otherwise.	
253	A. "Applicant" means a person, partnership, corporation or other legal entity who	
254	applies to the department for a certificate of transportation concurrency.	
255	B. "Capital improvement program" or "CIP" means the expenditures	
256	programmed by King County for capital purposes for road improvements over the next	
257	six-year period in the adopted CIP currently in effect.	
258	C.1. "Certificate of concurrency" means the document issued by the department	
259	indicating:	
260	a. The location of the property on which the development is proposed;	
261	b. The number of development units and specific uses that were tested for	
262	concurrency and approved;	
263	c. The type of development approval for which the certificate of concurrency is	
264	issued;	
265	d. An effective date; and	

266	e. An expiration date.
267	2. Certificates may be conditional or unconditional.
268	D. "Committed network" means the existing and proposed transportation
269	facilities that are fully funded for construction in the adopted CIP or for which voluntary
270	financial commitments have been secured.
271	E. "Concurrency" means transportation facilities are in place at the time of
272	development or that a financial commitment is in place to complete within six years the
273	improvements needed to maintain the county level of service standards, according to
274	RCW 36.70A.070(6).
275	F. "Concurrency map" means the map displaying the concurrency status of each
276	concurrency zone for residential land uses, based upon the traffic model.
277	G. "Concurrency status" means whether or not a concurrency zone meets the
278	TAM and critical link standards adopted in this chapter.
279	H. "Concurrency test" means determining if a proposed development complies
280	with the adopted level of service standard of the concurrency zone in which the proposed
281	development is located.
282	I. "Concurrency zone" means one of the zones depicted in the adopted
283	concurrency map.
284	J. "Critical link" means the one-direction lane or lanes of a portion of a
285	monitored corridor within the committed network with a volume-to-capacity ratio of 1.1
286	or more during the peak period that carries more than thirty percent of the one-way
287	concurrency zone vehicle trips during the peak period for residential development or that

288 carries more than thirty percent of the one-way vehicle trips during the peak period from 289 a nonresidential development. 290 K. "Department" means the King County department of transportation or its 291 successor agency. 292 L. "Development" means specified changes in use designed or intended to permit 293 a use of land that will contain more dwelling units or buildings than the existing use of 294 the land, or to otherwise change the use of the land or buildings or improvements on the 295 land in a manner that increases the amount of vehicle traffic generated by the existing use 296 of the land, and that requires a development permit from King County. This definition 297 does not pertain to the rezoning of land or a grading permit. 298 M. "Development application" means the request made to the department of 299 development and environmental services for the department of development and 300 environmental services's approval of a development. 301 N. "Development approval" means an order, permit or other official action of the 302 department of development and environmental services or its successor agency granting, 303 or granting with conditions, an application for development. O. "Development units" means the number of dwelling units for residential 304 305 development and square feet for nonresidential development. 306

P. "Financial commitment" consists of:

307

308

309

310

1. Revenue designated in the adopted CIP. The adopted CIP identifies all applicable and available revenue sources and forecasts these revenues through the sixyear period with reasonable assurance that the funds will be timely put to those ends. Projects to be used in defining the committed network are fully funded for construction in

311	the six years of the CIP. This commitment is reviewed through the annual budget	
312	process; or	
313	2. Revenue that is assured by an applicant in a form approved by the county in a	
314	voluntary agreement.	
315	Q. "HOV" means high occupancy vehicle.	
316	R. "Level of service" means the TAM standards that are adopted in the	
317	Comprehensive Plan and the critical link standards in the chapter.	
318	S. "Link" means the one direction lane or lanes of a roadway between two	
319	adjacent intersections as used in the traffic model.	
320	T. "Monitored corridor" means a principal or minor arterial considered by the	
321	department to be important to traffic circulation in the county. A monitored corridor in a	
322	city is so designated by interlocal agreement between the county and that city. The	
323	monitored corridors are established and listed in Attachment B to this ordinance.	
324	U. "Monitored zones" means those zones that are within 10 percent of exceeding	
325	the adopted TAM or critical link level of service standards.	
326	V. "Peak period" means the one-hour weekday afternoon period during which the	
327	greatest volume of traffic uses the road system. For concurrency purposes, this period	
328	shall be in the afternoon of a typical weekday.	
329	W. "Reservation and reserve" means development units are set aside in the	
330	department's traffic model in a manner that assigns the units to the concurrency zone and	
331	prevents the same units from being assigned to any other development once the traffic	
332	model is updated.	

333	X. "Traffic model" means the computer program and data used to forecast traffic
334	volumes and is calibrated to Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) standards. The
335	model shall be used to prepare the concurrency map for proposed residential
336	developments and to conduct site specific analysis for proposed nonresidential
337	developments. The model documentation is available from the department.
338	Y. "Transportation adequacy measure" or "TAM" means the average weighted
339	volume-to-capacity ratio for all traffic in the p.m. peak hour for a concurrency zone or
340	nonresidential development.
341	Z. "Transportation facilities" means principal, minor and collector arterial roads,
342	state highways, and high occupancy vehicle facilities. Transportation facilities include
343	any such a facility owned, operated or administered by the state of Washington and its
344	political subdivisions, including the county and cities.
345	AA. "Transportation service area" means the areas of unincorporated King
346	County so designated in the Comprehensive Plan.
347	NEW SECTION. SECTION 9. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a
348	new section to read as follows:
349	Transportation adequacy measure and critical link standards.
350	A. Concurrency shall be determined by the application of TAM and critical link
351	standards to all proposed developments within unincorporated King County, except for
352	those developments that are exempt from concurrency under section 15 of this ordinance.
353	B. The TAM calculation for a concurrency zone or nonresidential development
354	shows the adequacy of the committed network relative to the adopted level of service.
355	Projects to be provided by the state, cities or other jurisdictions may become part of the

committed network upon decision of the director. The following are the TAM standards
for each transportation service area, as adopted in the King County Comprehensive Plan
Policy T-209.

359	Transportation Service Area	Maximum Averaged	Average TAM
360		V/C Zonal Score	Standard
361	Transportation Service Area 1	0.99	E
362	Transportation Service Area 2	0.99	E
363	Transportation Service Area 3	0.89	D
364	Transportation Service Area 4	0.79	C
365	Transportation Service Area 5	0.69	В

The TAM standard for Transportation Service Area 3 shall be applied to development requests in Transportation Service Area 4 if public sewer and water services are available at the time of concurrency application, as evidenced by water and sewer availability certificates satisfactory to the department. If an applicant presents water and sewer certificates satisfactory to the department, the applicant's proposed development shall be reevaluated based on a TSA 3 threshold.

C. The critical link standard shall apply to the monitored corridors listed in Attachment B to this ordinance. A critical link is the one-direction lane or lanes of a portion of a monitored corridor within the committed network with a volume-to-capacity ratio of 1.1 or more during the peak period that carries more than thirty percent of the one way concurrency zone vehicle trips during the peak period for residential development or that carries more than thirty percent of the one way vehicle trips during the peak period from a nonresidential development. Critical links shall not apply to monitored corridors

380

381

382

383

384

385

386

387

388

389

390

391

392

393

394

395

396

397

398

399

in Transportation Service Areas 1 and 2 if HOV lanes and transit service are available at time of concurrency application or expected to be available within six years.

D. For monitored zones, the concurrency map includes a table, attached to this ordinance as Attachment C. The table shows the estimated number of vehicle trips that can be accommodated in a monitored zone. The department will monitor the certificates of concurrency issued in each monitored zone. The department may approve applications for concurrency certificates, in whole or in part, up to the number of vehicle trips estimated for a zone as indicated in the table. The number of remaining trips in the table shall be reduced by the number of peak hour trips represented in each residential and nonresidential concurrency certificate issued in a monitored zone. When a monitored zone reaches its estimated capacity for vehicle trips, the department will hold all applications in that zone until the council adopts a new concurrency map. If a new adopted concurrency map indicates that more trips can be accommodated in the zone, the department will process those applications that were put on hold, in the order received until the estimated vehicle trip capacity is once again reached, at which point the department will hold all applications in that zone as stated above. If the new concurrency map indicates that the monitored zone is out of compliance for adopted TAM and critical link level of service standards then applications that were put on hold will be denied.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 10. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a new section to read as follows:

Concurrency test.

TAM and critical link standards.

additional concurrency test.

400	

401

402

403 404

405

406

407 408

409

410

411

412

413

414

415

416

417

418

419

420

421

422

development, the department shall consult the concurrency map currently in effect. The department shall make a determination of concurrency according to the status indicated on the adopted map for the zone the proposed residential development is located in. For a proposed residential development in TSA 4 where public sewer and water services are available, a concurrency certificate shall be issued if the zone complied with a TSA 3

D. When making the concurrency determination for a proposed residential development in a monitored zone, the department may approve applications for concurrency certificates in whole or in part up to the number of vehicle trips estimated to be remaining in the zone.

standard at the time of map adoption. The concurrency map displayed in Attachment A

to this ordinance is adopted as the official concurrency map for King County.

A. The department shall perform a concurrency test for each application for a

B. The concurrency test shall be performed only for the proposed development

certificate of concurrency to determine whether the proposed development satisfies the

identified by the applicant on a completed concurrency application. Changes to the

proposed development that would create additional vehicle trips shall be subject to an

C. When making a concurrency determination for a proposed residential

E. When conducting the concurrency test for a proposed nonresidential development, the department shall conduct a site specific analysis using the department's traffic model. The department shall use standard trip generation rates published by the Institute of Transportation Engineers or other documented information and surveys

approved by the department. The department may approve a reduction in generated vehicle trips based on additional information supplied by the applicant. The calculation of vehicle trip reductions shall be based upon recognized technical information and analytical process that represent current engineering practice. The department shall have final approval of such data, information and technical procedures as are used to calculate vehicle trip reductions.

- F. If the concurrency test is passed, the applicant shall receive a certificate of concurrency. If the concurrency test for a nonresidential project is passed only under certain conditions of road improvements or project size, then the applicant shall receive a conditional certificate of concurrency on which the specific conditions are stated.
- G. If the concurrency test is not passed, the applicant shall select one of the following options:
- 1. For nonresidential developments, request in writing a ninety-day period in which the applicant can meet with the department to review the concurrency analysis and possible mitigation measures. The applicant may also provide additional information to the department in support of the application. The ninety-day period must be requested no later than ten days after the applicant's receipt of the notification of denial;
- 2. Appeal the denial of the application for a certificate of concurrency, in accordance with section 13 of this ordinance. Acceptance of the ninety-day period shall not impair the applicant's future right to a formal appeal at a later time. An appeal must be filed with the department no later than ten days after the expiration of the ninety-day period; or
  - 3. Accept the denial of an application for a certificate of concurrency.

446	H. This section expires two years after the effective date of this ordinance.		
447	NEW SECTION. SECTION 11. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a		
448	new section to read as follows:		
449	Requirement for certificate of concurrency.		
450	A. Each applicant for a development approval shall present a valid certificate		
451	of concurrency, except as provided in section 15 of this ordinance.		
452	B. A certificate of concurrency must be valid at the time of development		
453	application. A certificate of concurrency is valid if it has not expired according to its		
454	expiration date.		
455	C. Applications for certificates of concurrency shall be submitted to the		
456	department of transportation on forms provided by the department.		
457	NEW SECTION. SECTION 12. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a		
458	new section to read as follows:		
459	Issuance of certificate of concurrency.		
460	A. The director or the director's designee shall issue a certificate of concurrency		
461	for each proposed development that passes the concurrency test. The determination of		
462	concurrency shall be final at the time of development approval.		
463	B. For nonresidential development, issuance of a certificate creates a rebuttable		
464	presumption that the proposed development satisfies the concurrency test and meets the		
465	adopted level of service standards. The issue of concurrency may be raised as part of the		
466	review process for the development application for which the certificate of concurrency		
467	was issued. If raised at that time, the grounds for appeal shall be those listed in section		
468	13 of this ordinance.		

469	C. A certificate of concurrency shall be valid for three hundred sixty-five days	
470	from its date of issuance. A certificate of concurrency expires if the development permit	
471	for which the concurrency is reserved is not applied for within the three hundred sixty-	
472	five days.	
473	D. A certificate of concurrency is valid for the development permit application	
474	period and subsequently for the same time as the development approval that is issued in	
475	accordance with the certificate of concurrency.	
476	E. A certificate of concurrency runs with the land and is valid only for	
477	subsequent development approvals for the same parcel. A certificate of concurrency	
478	cannot be transferred to a different parcel.	
479	F. A certificate of concurrency shall expire if the underlying development	
480	approval expires or is revoked or denied by the county.	
481	G. For nonresidential developments, conditional certificates of concurrency shall	
482	be issued to an applicant who provides funding for one or more transportation facilities if	
483	such funding has enabled the proposed development to meet the adopted level of service	
484	standards.	
485	NEW SECTION. SECTION 13. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a	
486	new section to read as follows:	
487	Appeals.	
488	A. Appeals of the department's final decisions relative to concurrency denial shall	
489	be filed by the applicant with the director or the director's designee. Such appeals shall	
490	be in written form, stating the grounds for the appeal, and shall be filed within ten	
491	calendar days after receipt of notification of the department's final decision in the matter	

492	being appealed or if a ninety-day period was requested pursuant to section 10G.1 within	
493	ten days after the expiration of the ninety day period.	
494	B. Challenges to concurrency approvals may be raised as part of the review	
495	process for the development application for which the certificate of concurrency was	
496	issued.	
497	C. For appeals of concurrency denial or approval, the appellant must show that:	
498	1. The department committed a technical error, defined as errors in arithmetic,	
499	table and map lookups and similar clerical functions;	
500	2. Alternative data or a traffic mitigation plan submitted to the department was	
501	inadequately considered;	
502	3. Conditions required by the department for concurrency are not related to the	
503	concurrency requirement; or	
504	4. The action of the department was arbitrary and capricious as defined in	
505	Washington law.	
506	D. The standard of review when considering whether a technical error was	
507	committed shall be compelling evidence that the department made an error in arithmetic,	
508	table references or other such mechanical or clerical error. Appeals based upon technical	
509	error shall not call into question the underlying traffic model or its inputs.	
510	E. For appeals on grounds other than technical error, the department's	
511	dependence on its professional judgment and experience will be given due deference by	
512	the hearing examiner.	
513	F Any issues relating to the adequacy of the traffic model shall be raised to the	

county council during the annual and midyear council adoption of the concurrency map.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 14. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a new section to read as follows:

## Update and use of the traffic model.

A. The traffic model for concurrency shall be updated twice per year. The update process shall include the most recently adopted roads CIP, updated traffic volumes, and updated information regarding issuance of concurrency certificates, development approvals and development activity. The traffic model shall conform to the guidelines and procedures described by the Federal Highway Administration in its publication entitled Calibration and Adjustment of System Planning Models dated December 1990 or its successor. Each update of the traffic model shall be used to produce a new concurrency map and table of estimated vehicle trips for monitored zones. The concurrency map and table of estimated vehicle trips for monitored zones shall be submitted to council for its approval. The updates of the traffic model shall be deemed adequate for the purposes of concurrency analysis and the concurrency map shall be used to determine the concurrency of proposed residential development projects. The traffic model shall be used to prepare the concurrency map and to perform site specific analysis for nonresidential projects.

B. The concurrency map is a result of the values inputted in to the traffic model, as described above in this section. The concurrency map indicates if a concurrency zone does or does not comply with adopted TAM and critical link level of service standards. Any changes to the concurrency status of a zone or zones on the concurrency map other than those resulting from the model update process may only be accomplished by the

537	council changing the adopted TAM and/or critical link standards, and/or the list of funded	
538	projects in the most recently adopted CIP.	
539	NEW SECTION. SECTION 15. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a	
540	new section to read as follows:	
541	Exemptions.	
542	A. The following applications for development approval are exempt from the	
543	concurrency test, and may commence development without a certificate of concurrency:	
544	1. Development that is vested before January 8, 1995, is exempt for the	
545	development approval for which vested status was achieved;	
546	2. Short subdivisions within the urban growth area;	
547	3. Building permits for single family structures;	
548	4. Renewals of previously issued, unexpired development approvals;	
549	5. The construction or location of any residential structure of eight dwelling	
550	units or less;	
551	6. The construction of a barn, loafing shed, farm equipment storage building,	
552	produce storage or packing structure, or similar agricultural structure, covering up to	
553	thirty thousand square feet;	
554	7. The construction of an office, commercial, recreational, service or storage	
555	building with twelve thousand square feet of gross floor area, and with associated parking	
556	facilities designed for forty automobiles;	
557	8. Expansions or phases of projects that were disclosed by the applicant and	
558	subject to a concurrency test as part of the original application (for example, phased	

development), if a certificate of concurrency was issued for the expansion or subsequent phase;

- 9. Any development that will have no transportation impact and that will not change the traffic volumes and flow patterns in the peak period, as determined by the director;
- 10. Any public elementary, middle or junior high school facilities, including new facilities and any renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of existing facilities and the addition of relocatable facilities;
- 11. Any new public senior high school inside the urban boundary, and any modification to an existing public senior high school regardless of location, including any renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of existing facilities and the addition of relocatable facilities, provided that the school prepare and implement a transportation demand management plan. New public high schools outside the urban boundary are not exempt from the provisions of this ordinance. The high school transportation demand management plan shall be submitted to and approved by the director of the department before the issuance of the building permit. The high school demand management plan shall pertain to the entire school and shall specify measures to be implemented to reduce single occupant vehicle travel by students, faculty and staff. The plan shall further specify how the school district and department of transportation will cooperate in monitoring the implementation of such measures and make adjustments as needed to achieve reduction goals. A high school may voluntarily choose to prepare and implement a transportation demand management plan for any expansion of an

581	existing public high school facility that would not generate new trips during the peak		
582	period; and		
583	12. Parks, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.835, public agency or utility office in the		
584	urban area, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.930, and public agency or utility yard in the		
585	urban area, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.935.		
586	B. To monitor the cumulative effect of exempt development approvals on the		
587	level of service of transportation facilities, the department shall add the impacts of		
588	exempt development approvals to the traffic model and all other relevant concurrency		
589	monitoring records.		
590	NEW SECTION. SECTION 16. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a		
591	new section to read as follows:		
592	Intergovernmental coordination.		
593	A. The county may enter into agreements and continue existing agreements with		
594	other local governments and the state of Washington to coordinate concurrency		
595	standards, impact fees and other mitigation.		
596	B. The county may apply concurrency standards, fees and mitigation to		
597	development in the county that impacts other local governments and the state of		
598	Washington. Development approvals by the county may include conditions and		
599	mitigation that will be imposed on behalf of, and implemented by other local		
600	governments and the state of Washington.		
601	C. The county may receive impact fees or other mitigation based on or as a result		

of development proposed in other jurisdictions that impacts the county. The county may

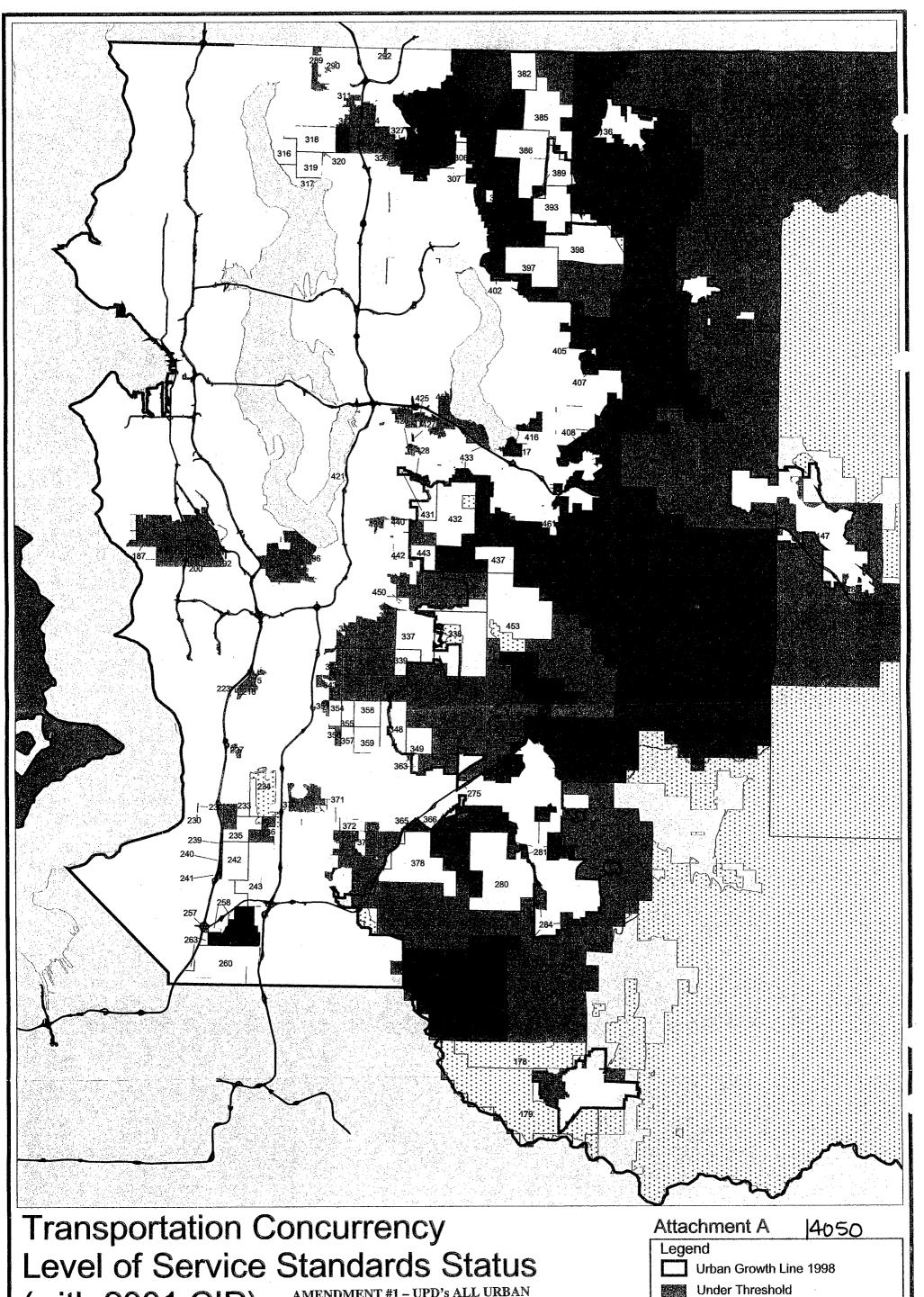
new section to read as follows:

622

603	agree to accept and implement conditions and mitigation that are imposed by other	
604	jurisdictions on development in their jurisdictions.	
605	D. The county shall not require fees or mitigation for transportation facilities of	
606	other agencies unless an agreement has been executed between the county and the	
607	affected agency. The agreement shall specify the fee schedule and level of service	
608	standards to be used by the county and the affected agency, which standards shall be	
609	consistent with the county's Comprehensive Plan and, if different than the standards	
610	adopted under this title, shall be adopted by ordinance.	
611	NEW SECTION. SECTION 17. There is hereby added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a	
612	new section to read as follows:	
613	Relationship to state Environmental Policy Act. A determination of	
614	concurrency shall be an administrative action of King County that is categorically exemp	
615	from the state Environmental Policy Act.	
616	NEW SECTION. SECTION 18. There is added to K.C.C chapter 14.70 a new	
617	section to read as follows:	
618	Severability. If any provision of this chapter or its application to any person or	
619	circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the chapter or the application of the	
620	provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.	
621	NEW SECTION, SECTION 19. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 14.70 a	

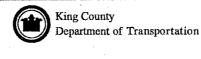
Effective date of ordinance. This ordinance takes effect January 1, 2001. 623 624 NOTE: This ordinance was passed on the 2/12/01 agenda although the final vote was not taken until 2/20/01. 625 626 Ordinance 14050 was introduced on 6/19/00 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 2/12/01, by the following vote: Yes: 12 - Mr. von Reichbauer, Ms. Fimia, Mr. Phillips, Mr. Pelz, Mr. McKenna, Ms. Sullivan, Mr. Nickels, Mr. Pullen, Mr. Gossett, Ms. Hague, Mr. Vance and Mr. Irons No: 1 - Ms. Miller Excused: 0 KING COUNTY COUNCIL COUNTY, WASHINGTON Pete von Reichbauer, Chair ATTEST: Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council APPROVED this 2 day of March Ron Sims, County Executive A. Transportation Concurrency Level of Service Standards Status Map, dated Attachments February 5, 2001, B. Monitored Corridors to Determine Critical Link Status List, C. Estimated Vehicle Trips for Monitored Zones, 2001 Transportation Concurrency

Model



# AMENDMENT #1 – UPD's ALL URBAN

Map produced by Roads Services Division staff (RSD), King County Department of Transportation. RSD disclaims any warranty for use of this digital product beyond that for which it was designed. Neither this digital product, nor any portion thereof may be reproduced in any form or by any means without the express written authorization of RSD. This document includes data copyrighted by the Kroll Map Company and is being used with their permission. Use is restricted.





Legend	
	Urban Growth Line 19
	Under Threshold
	Monitored Zone
	Over Threshold
###	Zone Numbers

Resource Lands